

# *Undergraduate Research Participation: Predictors and Relationship with Research Career Pursuits*

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Tongshan Chang<sup>a</sup>, William Armstrong<sup>b</sup>, Cinnamon Danube<sup>c</sup>, Kristen McKinney<sup>d</sup>,  
Matt Reed<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>University of California Office of the President, <sup>b</sup>University of California - San Diego,

<sup>c</sup>University of California - Merced, <sup>d</sup>University of California - Los Angeles

# Topics Covered

Background--research purpose and previous research

Research questions

Method--data sources, population, and data definitions

Results

Conclusions

# Background

Relationship between Undergraduate Research Participation (UGRP) and the Choice of a Research Career

Existing research shows that UGRP:

- Helps clarify students' interest in research careers and increases students' expectations of obtaining a PhD (Russell, Hancock, & McCullough, 2007)
- Increases likelihood of pursuing doctoral, medical, and law degrees and increases likelihood of engaging in post-undergraduate research activity (Hathaway, Nagda, & Gregerman, 2002)

# Background (continued)

- Retains talented students in the pipeline toward postgraduate science education (Lopatto, 2007)
- Linked to improved graduate school performance in key skill areas (Gilmore, 2015)
- Enhance interest of minority students in pursuing graduate studies in the Life Sciences (Villarejo, 2008) (Lopatto, *ibid*)

# Background

Relationship between student characteristics and participating in undergraduate research?

- Positive outcomes were associated with age and class level (Willis, 2013)
- Differences in perceived value and ROI of UGRP for URM participants (Walker, 2013)
- Research review found a relative paucity and gaps in prior research on student characteristics, post-baccalaureate employment, graduate education and UGRP
- ***A primary goal of the present study is to provide new data and evidence on the relation between selected student characteristics, outcomes, and UGRP***

# Research Questions

1. What are the predictors of undergraduate student research participation?
2. Is undergraduate research participation associated with obtaining an advanced (graduate) degree?
3. Is undergraduate research participation associated with pursuing a career in a research-related field?

# Data Sources--Research Participation

- Measure of research participation: assisted faculty in research
- University of California Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES)
  - UCUES instrument: academic experience, globalization skills, civic & community engagement, and student development.
  - Administered once every two years
  - Response rate: around 40%, around 60,000 responses

# Data Sources--Research Participation

## ○ Research related- questions

Expectations	Experience	Aspirations
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Having <b>courses</b> with faculty members who refer to their own research</li><li>• Learning research <b>methods</b></li><li>• Assisting faculty members in their research</li><li>• Pursuing your own <b>research</b></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Participated</b> in a small research-oriented seminar with faculty, research or creative project outside of regular course, a research project or research paper as part of your course work</li><li>• <b>Assisted</b> faculty in conducting research</li><li>• <b>Satisfied</b> with opportunities for research experience, library research resources, library and online information research skills</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Highest <b>degree</b>: doctorate (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.), etc.</li><li>• <b>Career</b> plan after graduation: enroll in graduate or professional school, educator, researcher, scientist, etc.</li></ul>



# Data Sources--Graduate Degrees

- Measure of graduate degrees: doctorate or professional doctorate
- The National Student Clearinghouse (NSC)
  - o Submitted student's name and birthdate to NSC to identify graduate degree information
  - o Master's, doctoral, professional doctoral, or non-graduate degree

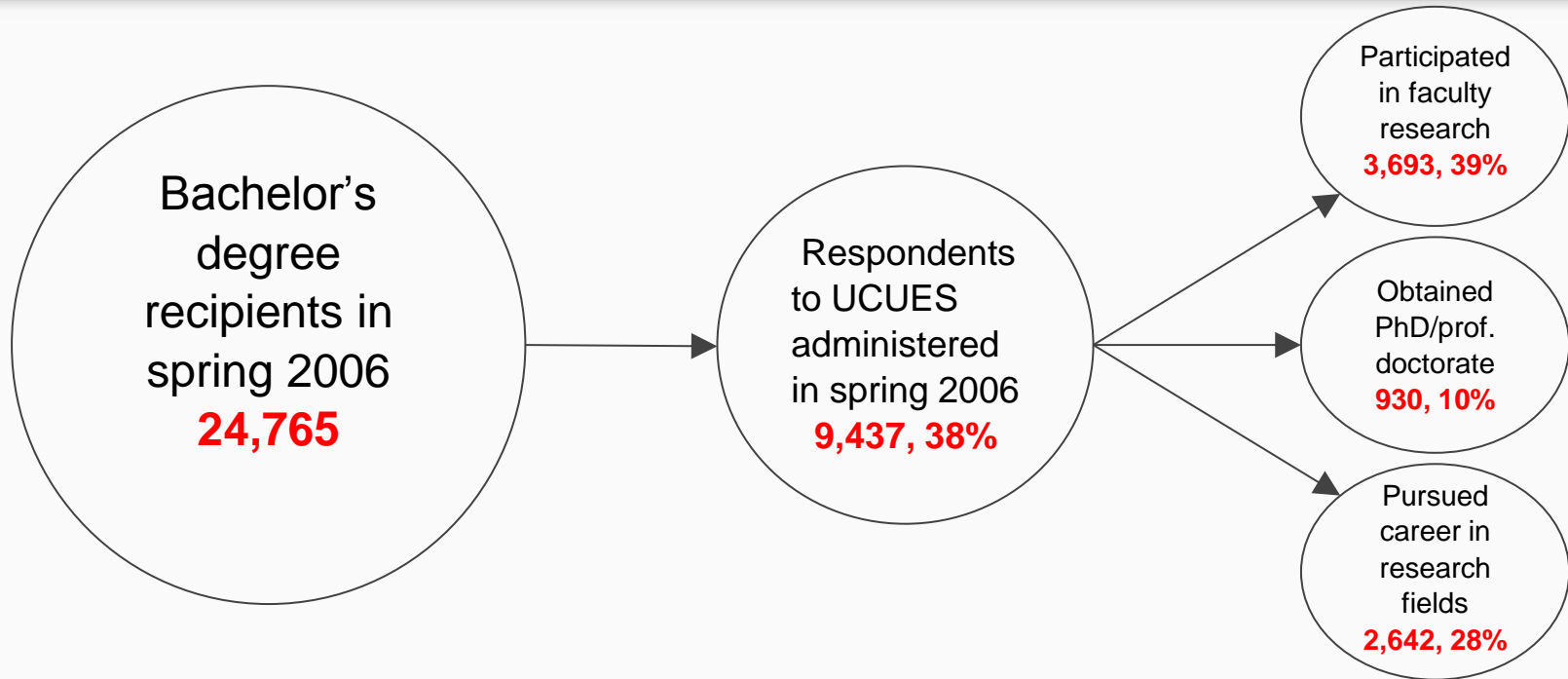
# Data Sources--Employment

- Measure of research-related fields: Higher Education, other Education, R&D Social Science, or other Professional/Science areas
- The California Employment Development Department (EDD)
  - Submitted students' SSNs to EDD to identify alumni's employment
  - Research-related fields: Higher Education, other Education, R&D Social Science, other Professional/Science areas

# Data Sources--Demographics/Background

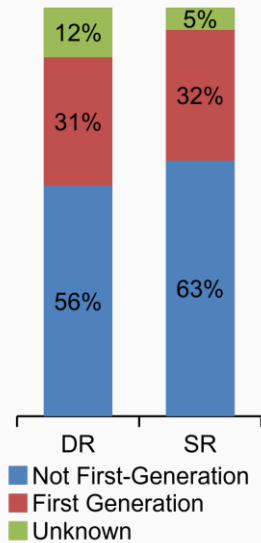
- University of California Data Warehouse (UCDW) at UC Office of the President
  - Ethnicity: African American, American Indian, Asian, Chicano/Latino, International, White, and Unknown/Other
  - First generation: no parents received a bachelor's degree
  - Student level when started at UC: freshman vs. transfer
  - Pell grant status: ever received a Pell grant at UC
  - Major: Intended major and degree major
  - First year GPA at UC
  - Graduation GPA at UC

# Population

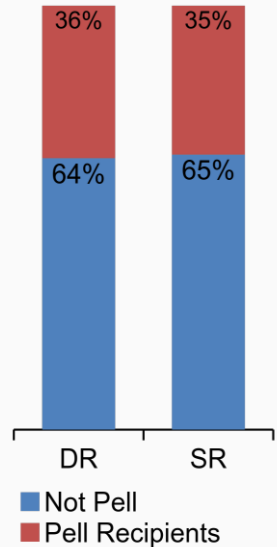


# Population and Survey Respondents by Selected Demographics

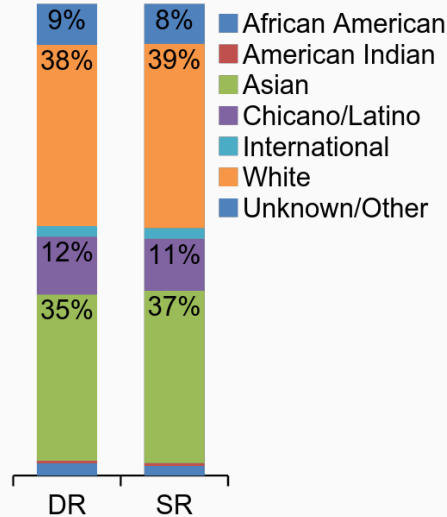
## First Generation Status



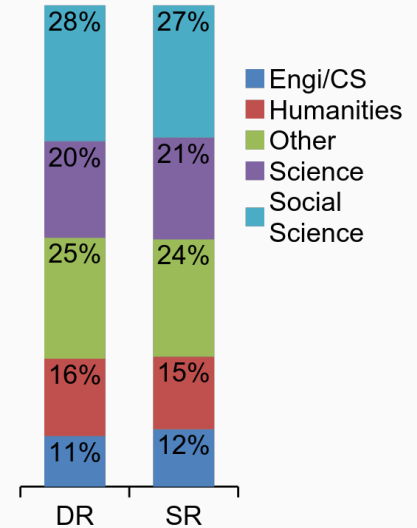
## Pell Grant Status



## Race/Ethnicity



## Degree Discipline



DR=degree recipients in spring 2006 SR = survey respondents to UCUES

# Analytic Strategy

Used logistic regression to examine predictors of each of our three outcomes:

1. Participated in research with a faculty member
2. Obtained a PhD/Professional Doctorate
3. Pursued a career in a research-related field


# Results-Predictors of Research Participation

Predictor	Odds ratio and significance
R-square: 14-18%	
First year GPA at UC	OR=1.44, $p < .001$
Plan to Pursue PhD/Professional Doctorate (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR=2.88, $p < .001$
Plan to Enroll in Graduate School (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR=1.48, $p < .001$
Declared/Intended Field: Science (ref) vs. Humanities	OR=.27, $p < .001$
Declared/Intended Field: Science (ref) vs. Social Science	OR=.67, $p < .001$
Declared/Intended Field: Science (ref) vs. Other Discipline	OR=.62, $p < .001$
Applicant level: Transfer (0) vs. Frosh (1)	OR=1.18, $p < 0.01$
Race/ethnicity: White (ref) vs. International	OR = 1.77, $p < .001$
Race/ethnicity: White (ref) vs. Unknown	OR = .83, $p < .04$
First generation students (1) vs. others	OR = .87, $p < .02$

## Notes:

- $n=9,104$
- **Non-significant predictors:**  
reading/writing skills;  
Engineering  
discipline; research  
skills; Pell Grant  
eligibility status;  
American Indian  
race/ethnicity; Asian  
race/ethnicity

# Results- Predictors of Earning a PhD or Other Professional Doctorate

Predictor	Odds ratio and significance
	<b>R-squared</b> 19-41%
Assisted Faculty in Research (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR = 1.82, p < .001 
Plan to Pursue PhD/Professional Doctorate (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR = 12.42, p < .001
Plan to Enroll in Graduate School (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR = 2.27, p < .001
Baccalaureate Degree: Science (ref) vs. Engineering/Computer Science	OR = .48, p < .001
Baccalaureate Degree: Science (ref) vs. Humanities	OR = .23, p < .001
Baccalaureate Degree: Science (ref) vs. Social Sciences	OR = .39, p < .001
Baccalaureate Degree: Science (ref) vs. Other	OR = .34, p < .001
Undergraduate GPA at Graduation	OR = 1.68, p < .001
Applicant level: Transfer (0) vs. Frosh (1)	OR = 1.38, p < .01
First Generation Status: Not First Generation (0) vs. First Generation(1)	OR = 1.23, p = .03
Race/ethnicity: White (ref) vs. International	OR = .39, p < .01
Race/ethnicity: White (ref) vs. Hispanic	OR = 62, p < .01
Race/ethnicity: White (ref) vs. African American	OR = .45, p = .02

Notes:


- n=8,602

- Non-significant predictors:**

reading/analytic skills;  
 research skills; Pell  
 Grant eligibility status;  
 American Indian,  
 Asian, Unknown  
 race/ethnicity



# Results- Predictors of Employment in a Research-Related Field

Predictor	Odds ratio and significance
	R-squared 2-3%
Assisted Faculty in Research (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR = 1.20, p = .01 
Plan to Pursue PhD/Professional Doctorate (0 = no, 1 = yes)	OR = 1.61, p < .001
Reading/Analytic Skills at Graduation from UC	OR = 1.13, p < .04
Baccalaureate Degree: Science (ref) vs. Engineering/Computer Science	OR = .69, p < .01
First Generation Status: Not First Generation (0) vs. First Generation(1)	OR = 1.18, p = .03

Notes:

•n=4,690

•**Non-significant predictors:** research skills at Graduation from UC; applicant level; Pell Grant eligibility status; race/ethnicity; humanities, social science, other degree discipline; plans to enroll in graduate school; undergraduate GPA at graduation

# Conclusions – Research Questions

1. What are the predictors of undergraduate student research participation?

Intent to pursue further education

Science major

High-achieving student

Generation status

2. Is undergraduate research participation associated with obtaining an advanced (graduate) degree?

Yes

3. Is undergraduate research participation associated with pursuing a career in a research-related field?

Yes

# Conclusions – Limitations and Next Steps

Chicken and egg?

Combine into a single model to better view determinants

Challenge of identifying “research fields” in employment data

Potential other sources for data?

Remaining questions regarding opportunity to participate

Questions?

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